Care CEUs

Health Information Technology in Long Term Care

What's the Background?

1. Basic electronic health record functionality includes which of the following areas?

A. Patient demographics
B. Patient medication histories
C. Laboratory results viewing
D. All of the above

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2. The Longitudinal Coordination of Care Workgroup's primary goal is to identify standards that support care coordination of medically-complex and/or functionally impaired persons that are aligned with and could be included in the EHR Incentive Programs.

A. True
B. False

Health IT Enabled Care Coordination

3. The electronic registry for Physician Orders for Life Sustaining Treatment allows patients to make their own decisions in advance of emergency scenarios to avoid unwanted, painful, or expensive procedures at the end of life.

A. True
B. False

Remote Monitoring to Support Care at Home

4. A local home health and visiting nurse organization deploys the tele-monitoring devices for high-risk diabetic patients. Using these devices patients regularly submit all of the following except:

A. Glucose
B. Heart rate

C. Blood pressure
D. Weight

New Tools to Improve Outcomes and Support Care Planning

5. All of the following are positive effects of the On-Time program except:

A. Improved prevention practices and timely interventions for high-risk residents.
B. Improved clinical outcomes.
C. Decreased Certified Nursing Assistant engagement in process improvement.
D. Improved communication about high-risk residents among the entire care team.

Tools for Managing Care across the Continuum

6. The ADOPT Toolkit offers tools in which of the following areas?

A. Remote Patient Monitoring
B. Medication Optimization
C. Mobile Health
D. All of the above

Financial Incentives for Quality Reporting

7. The Affordable Care Act requires HHS to establish an "initial core set" of quality measures for Medicaid eligible adults and mandates State reporting of these measures.

A. True
B. False

New Care Delivery Models and Programs

8. Which of the following programs is designed to help states balance their long-term care systems and move Medicaid enrollees from institutional care to home and community-based services?

A. Money Follows the Person
B. Financial Alignment Demonstrations Program
C. Quality Improvement Organization Special Innovation Project
D. Balancing Incentives Program